

# Examen de Matemáticas 1º de Bachillerato

## Octubre 2020

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**Problema 1** Discutir y resolver por el método de Gauss los siguientes sistemas:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x+ y- z = 5 \\ 2x- y+ 2z = 1 \\ 3x+ 2y+ z = 12 \end{array} \right. ; \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x- y- z = 3 \\ 2x+ y- 2z = 2 \\ 4x- y- 4z = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

**Solución:**

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x+ y- z = 5 \\ 2x- y+ 2z = 1 \\ 3x+ 2y+ z = 12 \end{array} \right. \text{ Sistema Compatible Determinado} \implies \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 2 \\ y = 3 \\ z = 0 \end{array} \right.$$
  
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x- y- z = 3 \\ 2x+ y- 2z = 2 \\ 4x- y- 4z = 0 \end{array} \right. \text{ Sistema Incompatible}$$

**Problema 2** Resolver los siguientes sistemas:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3x^2 - y^2 = 2 \\ 2x + y = 1 \end{array} \right. ; \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5x \cdot 2y = -100 \\ 8x - y = 21 \end{array} \right.$$

**Solución:**

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3x^2 - y^2 = 2 \\ 2x + y = 1 \end{array} \right. \implies \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 1, y = -1 \\ x = 3, y = -5 \end{array} \right.$$
  
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5x \cdot 2y = -100 \\ 8x - y = 21 \end{array} \right. \implies \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 2, y = -5 \\ x = 5/8, y = -16 \end{array} \right.$$

**Problema 3** Resolver las inecuaciones siguientes:

$$1. \frac{4x-3}{18} - \frac{x-5}{3} \leq 1 - \frac{x+2}{6}$$

$$2. \frac{x^2+2x-15}{x^2-2x-8} \geq 0$$

$$3. \frac{x^2-4x-21}{x^2-10x+9} \leq 0$$

**Solución:**

$$1. \frac{4x-3}{18} - \frac{x-5}{3} \leq 1 - \frac{x+2}{6} \implies (-\infty, 15]$$

$$2. \frac{x^2-2x-8}{x^2+2x-3} \geq 0 \implies (-\infty, -3) \cup [-2, 1) \cup [4, \infty)$$

$$3. \frac{x^2-x-2}{x^2+2x-15} \leq 0 \implies (-5, -1] \cup [2, 3)$$