

# Examen de Matemáticas 1º de Bachillerato CN

## Octubre 2019

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**Problema 1** Discutir y resolver por el método de Gauss los siguientes sistemas:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x - 2y + z = -6 \\ -x + y + 2z = 1 \\ 2x - y - z = -3 \end{array} \right. ; \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x + y + 2z = -1 \\ 2x + 3y - z = 0 \\ 5x + 6y + 5z = -3 \end{array} \right.$$

**Solución:**

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x - 2y + z = -6 \\ -x + y + 2z = 1 \\ 2x - y - z = -3 \end{array} \right. \text{ Sistema Compatible Determinado} \implies \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = -1 \\ y = 2 \\ z = -1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x + y + 2z = -1 \\ 2x + 3y - z = 0 \\ 5x + 6y + 5z = -3 \end{array} \right. \text{ Sistema Compatible Indeterminado} \implies \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = -3 - 7\lambda \\ y = 2 + 5\lambda \\ z = \lambda \end{array} \right.$$

**Problema 2** Resolver las ecuaciones:

1.  $\log(9 - x) - \log(x - 1) = 2$
2.  $\log(4 - x^2) - \log(x - 7) = 1 + \log(2x)$
3.  $2 \log(3 - x) - 2 = \log(x + 5)$
4.  $3^{2x-5} \cdot 9^{x^2+2} = 27^{2x+1}$
5.  $7^{2x-1} + 7^{x-1} - 2 = 0$

**Solución:**

$$1. \log(9 - x) - \log(x - 1) = 2 \implies \log \frac{9 - x}{x - 1} = \log 100 \implies$$

$$101x = 109 \implies x = \frac{109}{101}.$$

$$2. \log(4 - x^2) - \log(x - 7) = 1 + \log(2x) \implies \log \frac{4 - x^2}{x - 7} = \log(20x) \implies 21x^2 - 140x - 4 = 0 \implies x = 6, 7, (\text{no vale}) \quad x = -0,028 (\text{no vale}).$$

$$3. 2 \log(3 - x) - 2 = \log(x + 5) \implies x^2 - 106x - 491 = 0 \implies x = 110,45, (\text{no vale}), \quad x = -4,45.$$

4.

$$3^{2x-5} \cdot 9^{x^2+2} = 27^{2x+1} \implies 2x^2 - 4x - 4 = 0 \implies \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = -0,732 \\ x = 2,732 \end{array} \right.$$

5.

$$7^{2x-1} + 7^{x-1} - 2 = 0 \implies t^2 + t - 14 = 0 \implies \begin{cases} t = 3, 27 \implies x = 0, 61 \\ t = -4, 27 \text{ no vale} \end{cases}$$